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A good title should be interesting while helping the readers understand the topic of your paper

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Abstract: An abstract is a short summary of your paper that allows the reader to understand the main points of your papers. You should briefly explain the ethical problem that you are addressing in your paper, your proposed solution, and the likely outcome of your proposed solution. Your abstract should be short and concise.

Introduction

Every paper that you write is a story that has a beginning, a middle, and an end. The introduction is important because it is your first opportunity to help the readers understand the importance of the ethical problem that you have chosen for your paper. To write a good introduction, you need to provide enough background information.

Provide Enough Background Information

Your paper—like any good story—should be self-contained, meaning that you should include everything that the readers will need to understand your paper. If your readers have to do extra work or research to understand your paper, then you have failed them as the writer. The best way to avoid this problem is to assume that your readers do not know anything about your topic. Therefore, you have to provide all of the information that they will need to understand your paper. Caring about your readers is the first step to good writing.

Avoiding Plagiarism

As a scholar, you need to avoid plagiarism. Plagiarism is a serious issue of academic dishonesty, and plagiarism occurs whenever you use another's

work (ideas, words, images, data, etc.) without providing proper citations and references.

A citation is a notice within the text that lets the reader know that you are using another's work from somewhere else. This is what a numerical citation looks like: [1], and the citation number corresponds to the same number listed in the references.

References provide enough information so that the readers can find the original source that you used for the citation, such as an academic journal [1], a book [2], or an internet article [3]. The quality of your references will affect the quality of your paper's scholarship.

References

1. Last name, initials. (Year). Title. *Journal name*, **Volume number** (issue number): complete page numbers.
2. Last name, initials. (Year). *Book title*. City: Publisher.
3. Last name, initial. (Year). Article title. *Website name*. Available at: <https://...>